

## Appendix 3

# Samples of Opinions Formed in Annual Audits of Ministries, Crown Agencies, and Crown-Controlled Corporations

The scope of the Office of the Provincial Auditor's audit work includes the Government as a whole, sectors or programs of the Government, and individual government agencies (see **Appendix 1**). *The Provincial Auditor Act* requires the Office to use generally accepted assurance standards published by CPA Canada to carry out its audits (e.g., integrated, performance, follow-up).

Individual government agencies are subject to annual integrated audits. In general, annual integrated audits examine the effectiveness of financial-related controls, compliance with financial-related authorities, and the reliability of financial statements (for agencies that prepare them).

The following are samples of audit opinions formed as part of the annual integrated audits.

### 1.0 EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS (FINANCIAL-RELATED)

We have undertaken a reasonable assurance engagement of [Agency]'s operating effectiveness of internal controls as of [Year End] to express an opinion as to the effectiveness of its internal controls related to the following objectives:

- To safeguard public resources. That is, to ensure its assets are not lost or used inappropriately; to ensure it does not inappropriately incur obligations; to establish a financial plan for the purposes of achieving its financial goals; and to monitor and react to its progress toward the objectives established in its financial plan.
- To prepare reliable financial statements.
- To conduct its activities following laws, regulations, and policies related to financial reporting, safeguarding public resources, revenue raising, spending, borrowing, and investing.

CPA Canada defines control as comprising those elements of an organization that, taken together, support people in the achievement of the organization's objectives. Control is effective to the extent that it provides reasonable assurance that the organization will achieve its objectives.

[Agency]'s management is responsible for effective internal controls related to the objectives described above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal controls based on our audit.

We used the control framework included in COSO's *Internal Control–Integrated Framework* to make our judgments about the effectiveness of [Agency]'s internal controls. We did not audit certain aspects of internal controls concerning the effectiveness, economy, and efficiency of certain management decision-making processes.

We conducted our reasonable assurance engagement in accordance with Canadian Standard on Assurance Engagements (CSAE) 3001, *Direct Engagements*. This standard requires that we plan and perform this engagement to obtain reasonable assurance as to the effectiveness of [Agency]'s internal controls related to the objectives stated above. The nature, timing and extent of procedures performed depends on our professional judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and involves obtaining evidence about the effectiveness of internal controls. An audit includes obtaining an understanding of the significant risks related to these objectives, the key control elements and control activities to manage these risks, and examining, on a test basis, evidence relating to control.



Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an engagement conducted in accordance with this standard will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Our audit on the effectiveness of [Agency]'s internal controls related to the above objectives does not constitute an audit of internal control over financial reporting performed in conjunction with an audit of financial statements in *CPA Canada Handbook—Assurance Section 5925 An Audit of Internal Control over Financial Reporting that is Integrated with an Audit of Financial Statements*.

Control can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance of achieving objectives reliably for the following reasons. There are inherent limitations in control including judgment in decision-making, human error, collusion to circumvent control activities, and management overriding control. Cost/benefit decisions are made when designing control in organizations. Because control can be expected to provide only reasonable assurance and not absolute assurance, the objectives referred to above may not be achieved reliably. Also, projections of any evaluation of control to future periods are subject to the risk that control may become ineffective because of changes in internal and external conditions, or that the degree of compliance with control activities may deteriorate.

We believe the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, subject to the limitations noted above, [Agency]'s internal controls were operating effectively, in all material respects, to meet the objectives stated above as of [Year End] based on COSO's *Internal Control—Integrated Framework*.

*[If control is not effective in all material respects, describe the risk or significant deficiency, and indicate which objective is affected. The report should state whether the deficiency resulted from the absence of control procedures or the degree of compliance with them.]*

This report is provided solely for the purpose of assisting the Provincial Auditor in discharging their responsibilities and for preparing their annual report to the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan and is not to be referred to or distributed to any person who is not a member of management or the Board of [Agency], its supervising agencies or the Office of the Provincial Auditor and should not be used for any other purpose. Any use that a third party makes of information contained in this report, or any reliance or decisions based on such information, is the responsibility of such third parties.

We accept no responsibility for loss or damages, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or actions taken based on information contained in this report.

We have complied with the ethical requirements of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Saskatchewan—*Rules of Professional Conduct* founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competency and due care, confidentiality, and professional behaviour.

We apply the *Canadian Standard on Quality Management 1* issued by CPA Canada and, accordingly, maintain a comprehensive system of quality management, including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards, and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

## 2.0 COMPLIANCE WITH LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITIES

We have undertaken a reasonable assurance engagement of [Agency]'s compliance with the provisions of the following legislative and related authorities pertaining to its financial reporting, safeguarding of assets, spending, revenue raising, borrowing, and investment activities during the year ended [Year End]:

*(List all legislative and related authorities covered by this report. This list must include all governing authorities).*

Compliance with the provisions of the stated legislative and related authorities is the responsibility of management of [Agency]. Management is also responsible for such internal control as management determines necessary to enable the [Agency]'s compliance with the specified requirements.

Our responsibility is to express a reasonable assurance opinion on [Agency]'s compliance based on the evidence we have obtained.

We conducted our reasonable assurance engagement in accordance with Canadian Standard on Assurance Engagements (CSAE) 3531 *Direct Engagements to Report on Compliance*. This standard requires that we plan and perform this engagement to obtain reasonable assurance whether [Agency] complied with the criteria established by the legislation and related authorities referred to above, in all significant respects. A reasonable assurance compliance reporting engagement involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the entity's compliance with the specified requirements. The nature, timing and extent of procedures selected depends on our professional judgment, including an assessment of the risks of significant non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an engagement conducted in accordance with this standard will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

We believe the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, for the year ended [Year End], [Agency] has complied, in all significant respects, with the provisions of the aforementioned legislative and related authorities.

*[If agency has not complied in all significant respects, provide adequate explanation with respect to any reservation contained in the opinion together with, if relevant and practicable, the monetary effect.]*

We do not provide a legal opinion on the [Agency]'s compliance with the aforementioned legislative and related authorities.

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We accept no responsibility for loss or damages, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or actions taken based on information contained in this report.

We have complied with the ethical requirements of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Saskatchewan—*Rules of Professional Conduct*, founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competency and due care, confidentiality, and professional behaviour.

We apply the *Canadian Standard on Quality Management 1* issued by CPA Canada and, accordingly, maintain a comprehensive system of quality management, including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards, and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

### 3.0 RELIABILITY OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This opinion is formed for government agencies preparing financial statements. Ministries do not prepare financial statements.

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of [Agency], which comprise [the statement of financial position] as at [Year End[s]], and the [statement of operations and accumulated surplus], [statement of remeasurement gains and losses], [statement of changes in net financial assets] and [statement of cash flows] for the year[s] then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including [a summary of significant accounting policies or material accounting policy information].

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of [Agency] as at [Year End[s]], and [insert appropriate wording to describe financial results] for the year[s] then ended in accordance with [insert name of the acceptable financial reporting framework].



### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of [Agency] in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

*[Insert the following paragraphs if you expect to receive all or some of the other information (i.e., annual report that includes financial statements) prior to the date of the auditor's report and the auditor does not expect to identify a material misstatement of the other information. If you do not expect to receive other information prior to the date of the auditor's report, then there are no reporting requirements. The Other Information section can be removed from the auditor's report.]*

### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in [X report], but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or any knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with [insert the name of the acceptable financial reporting framework] for Treasury Board's approval, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing [Agency's] ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the [Agency] or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the [Agency's] financial reporting process.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the [Agency's] internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the [Agency's] ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the [Agency] to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit.

